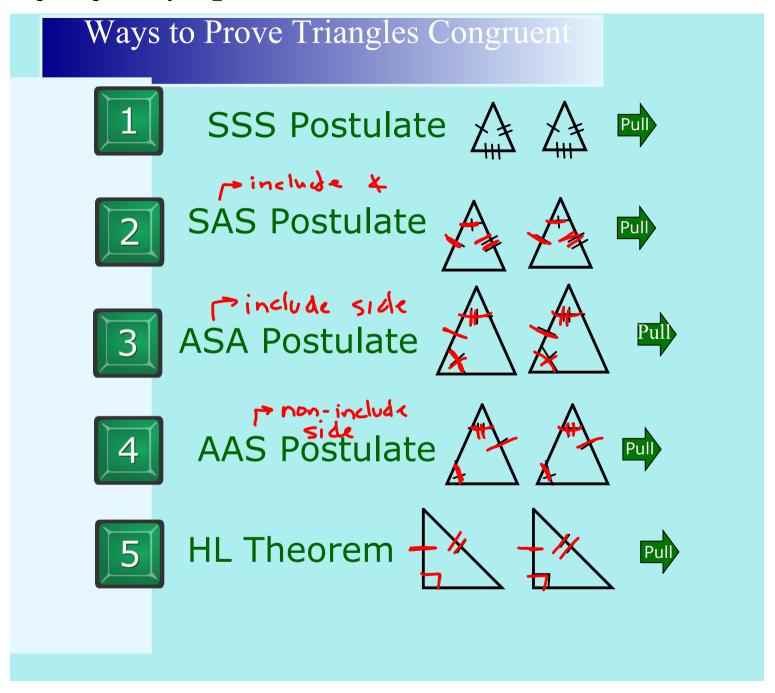
Geometry Ch. 4 Handout 4.2

Triangles Congruence by SSS and SAS

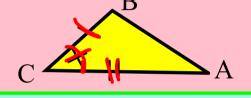


Side-Side (SSS) Postulate
If the three sides of one triangle are congruent to the three sides of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.

△GHF ZAPQR

Side-Angle-Side (SAS) Postulate

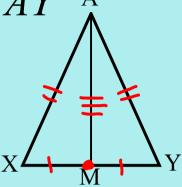
If two sides and the included angle of one triangle are congruent to two sides and the included angle of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.







Prove: $\bigwedge AMX \cong \bigwedge AMY$



Statements

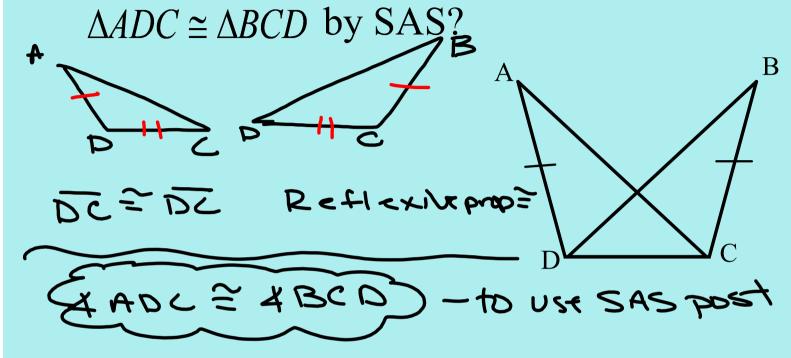
(DM is the midpt of XY (D Given

- © xm ≥ my
- (3) Am = Am
- (4) DAMX = DAMY (4) SES post.

Reasons

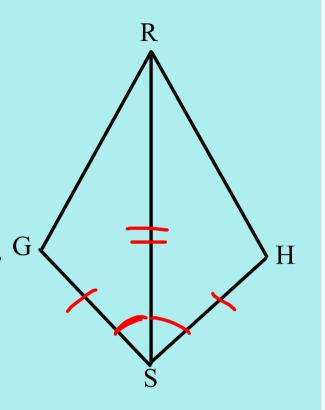
- ② detn of midpt ③ Reflexive prop. =

2. What other information do you need to prove



Given: $\angle RSG \cong \angle RSH$, $\overline{SG} \cong \overline{SH}$

From the information given, can you prove $\triangle RSG \cong \triangle RSH$? Explain.



4. Given: $\overline{HF} \cong \overline{HJ}, \overline{FG} \cong \overline{JK}$

H is the midpoint of \overline{GK} .

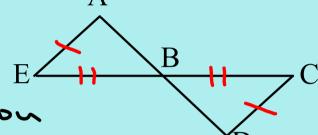
 $G \xrightarrow{F} H \xrightarrow{J} K$

Prove: $\Delta FGH \cong \Delta JKH$

Statements	Reasons
OHF = HJ FG = JK	OGIVEN
2 GH = HK	Odefn of midpt
3 AGF H= AKJH	3) 525 post.

6. From the information given, can you prox $AEB \cong \Delta DCB$? Explain.

Given: $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{DC}, \overline{EB} \cong \overline{CB}$



Cannot use SSS because you cannot prove AB = BD.

Cannot use SAS because your cannot prove include 4:5 = 2 so therefore. Discannot be prove =.

7. In ΔVGB , which sides include $\angle B$?

Sides: BV and BG

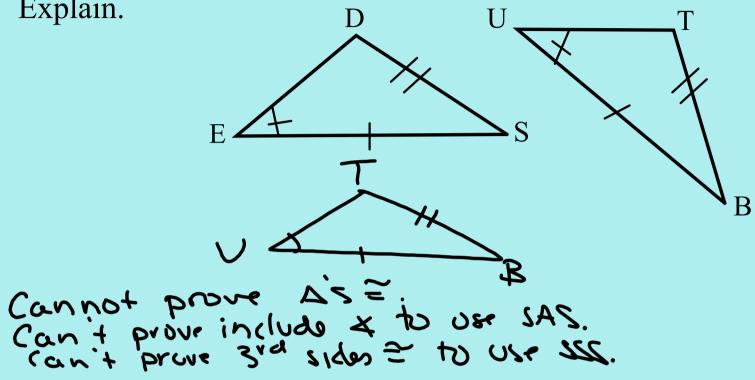
8. In ΔSTN , which angle is included between NS and TN?



9. Which triangles can you prove congruent? Tell whether you would use the SSS or SAS Postulate?



10. Can you prove $\triangle SED \cong \triangle BUT$ from the information given? Explain.



Assignment:

Day 1: Pgs 208-211 1-9 odds, 10-13 all, 15-27 odds, 29, 39,41