## Geometry Ch. 3 Handout 3.6 Lines in the Coordinate plane

## Formula to use to write a Linear Equation

```
y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)
m = slope
point = (x_1, y_1)
need to know slope and point
```

4. Write an equation point-slope form of the line with slope -8 that contain P(3, -6). Write the final equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - y_1)$$

$$m = -8 \quad y - (-u) = -8(x - 3)$$

$$p + = (3, -6) \quad y + 6 = -8x + 24$$

$$y = -8x + 18$$

5. Write an equation using point-slope form of the lin that contains the points G(4, -9) and H(-1, 1). Write the final equation in slope-intercept form

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
X, & Y_1 & X_2 & Y_2 \\
(4, -4) & (-1, 1)
\end{array}$$

$$M = \frac{Y_2 - Y_1}{X_2 - X_1}$$

$$M = -2$$

$$M = \frac{1 - (-4)}{-1 - 4}$$

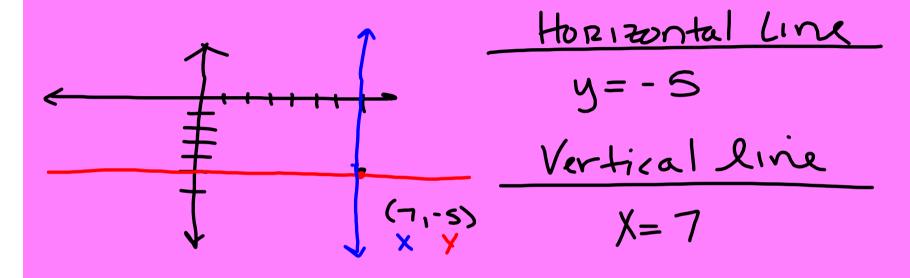
$$M = \frac{10}{-5}$$

$$M = -2$$

$$M = -2 (X - (-1))$$

$$Y - Y_1 = M (X - X_1)$$

6. Write equations for the horizontal line and the vertical line that contain A(7, -5).



7. Write an equation of the line with slope -1 that contains the point P(2, -4). Write the final equation in slope-intercept form.

$$M = -1$$

$$V - y_{1} = M(x - x_{1})$$

$$V - (-4) = -1(x - 2)$$

$$V + 4 = -x + 2$$

$$V - 4 = -x - 7$$

8. Write an equation of the line that contains the points P(5, 0) and Q(7, -3). Write the final equation in slope-intercept.

intercept.  

$$(5,0)$$
  $(7,-3)$   
 $M = \frac{42-41}{x_2-x_1}$   $M = \frac{3}{2}$   $M = \frac{3}{2}$   $M = \frac{3-0}{3}$   $M = \frac{3-0}{3}$   $M = \frac{3-0}{3}$   $M = \frac{3-0}{3}$   $M = \frac{3-0}{3}$ 

## Assignment:

Pgs 169-170 17-32,55,61,62,64,66-68