

Geometry

Ch. 8 Handout 8.3

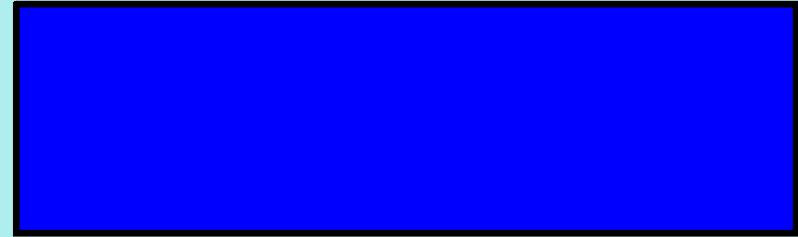
The Tangent Ratio

http://teachertube.com/viewVideo.php?video_id=27042&title=SohCahToa

What is the Pythagorean Theorem formula?

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$(leg)^2 + (leg)^2 = (hyp)^2$



When do you use Pythagorean Theorem?

Types of Triangles:

$$c^2 > a^2 + b^2$$



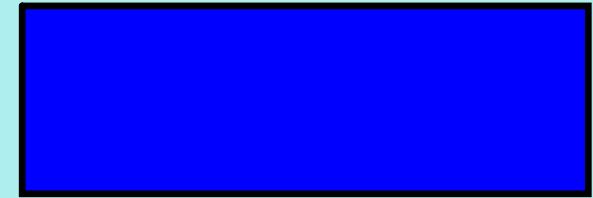
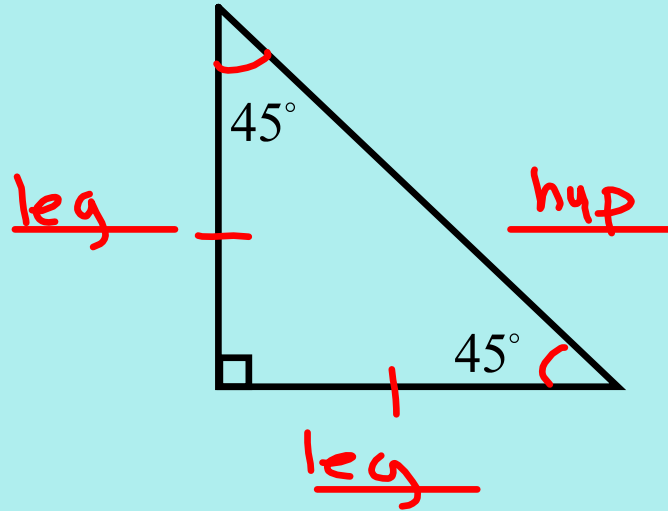
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$



$$c^2 < a^2 + b^2$$

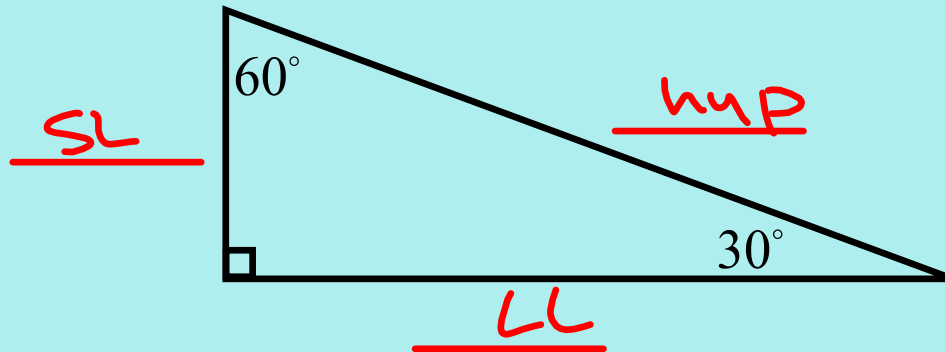


Label the parts of a 45-45-90 triangle:



Formula: $hyp = leg \sqrt{2}$

Label the parts of a 30-60-90 triangle:



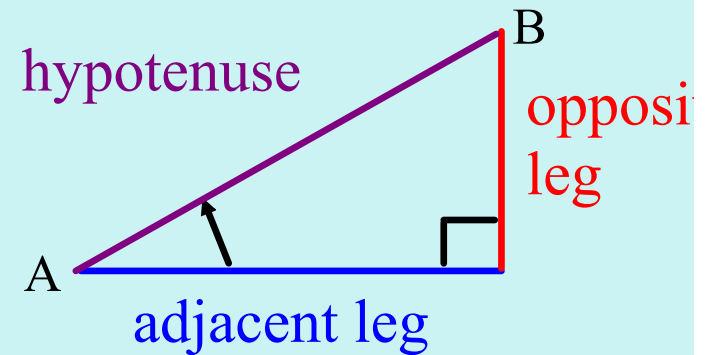
Formula: $hyp = SL \cdot 2$
 $LL = SL \cdot \sqrt{3}$

Trigonometry means "triangle measurement"

The tangent of an acute angle in a right triangle is a ratio of the length of the opposite side of an angle to the length of the adjacent side of an angle.

$$\tan \angle A = \frac{\text{length of opposite leg}}{\text{length of adjacent leg}}$$

$$(\text{shorter version}) \tan \angle A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$



Side length
on calc tan

& measurement
on calc tan⁻¹

1. Write the tangent ratios for $\angle A$ and $\angle B$.

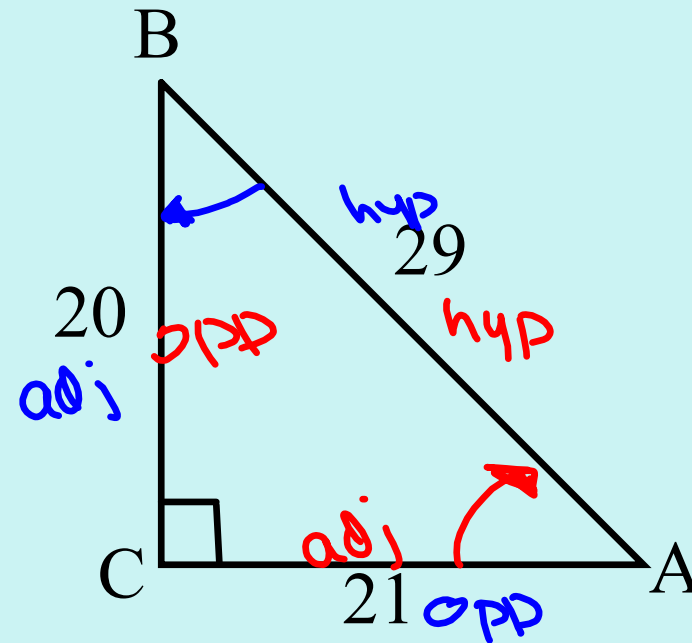
$$\tan \angle = \frac{\text{OPP}}{\text{adj}}$$

$\tan A = \frac{20}{21}$

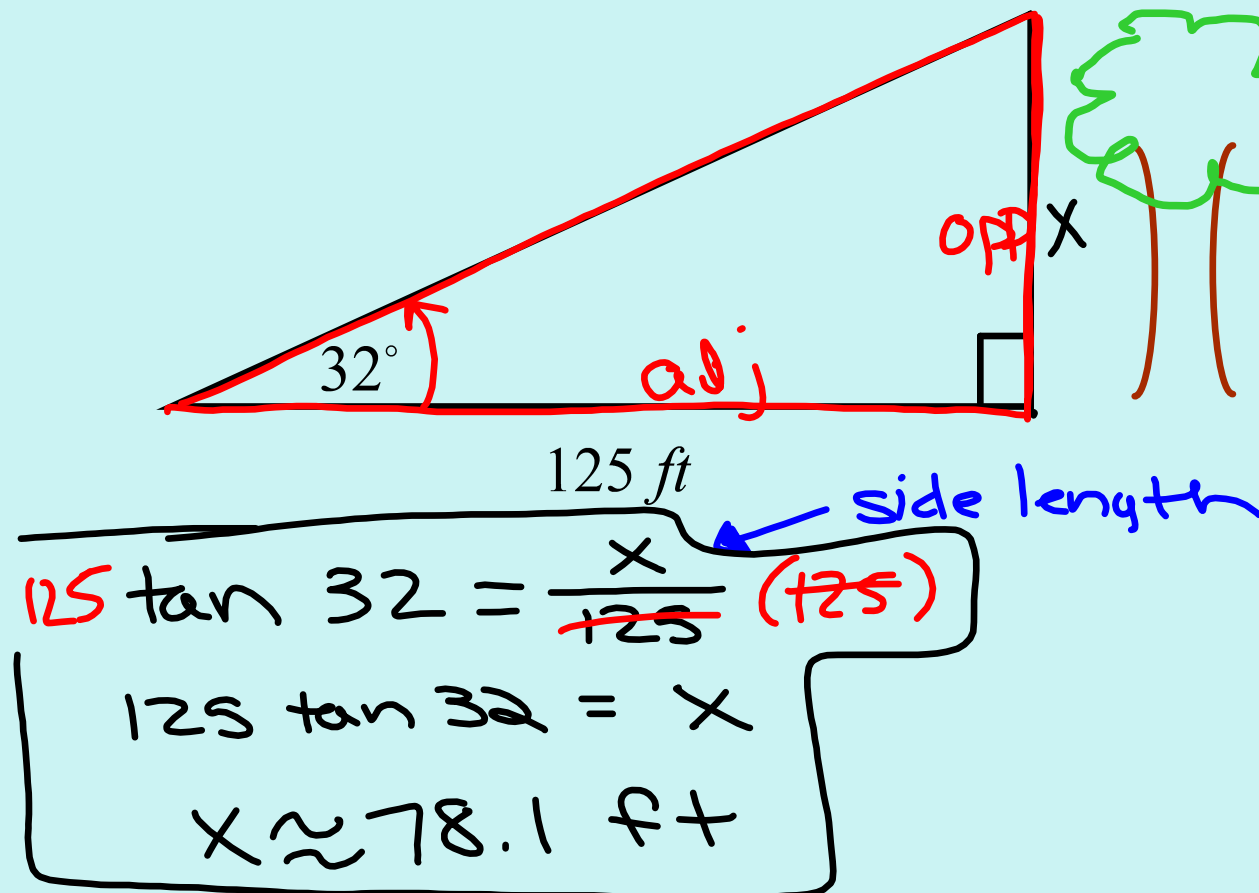
Handwritten notes: A red arrow points from the word "given" to the angle A. The word "OPP" is written in red above the numerator 20.

$\tan B = \frac{21}{20}$

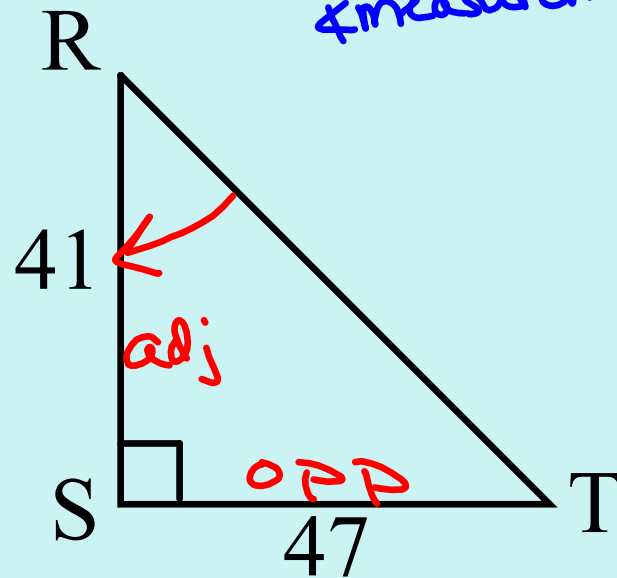
Handwritten notes: A blue arrow points from the word "given" to the angle B. The word "adj" is written in red below the denominator 20.



2. To measure the height of a tree, Alma walked 125 ft. from the tree and measured a 32° angle from the ground to the top of the tree. Estimate the height of the tree.



3. Using the Inverse of Tangent, find $m\angle R$ to the nearest degree.

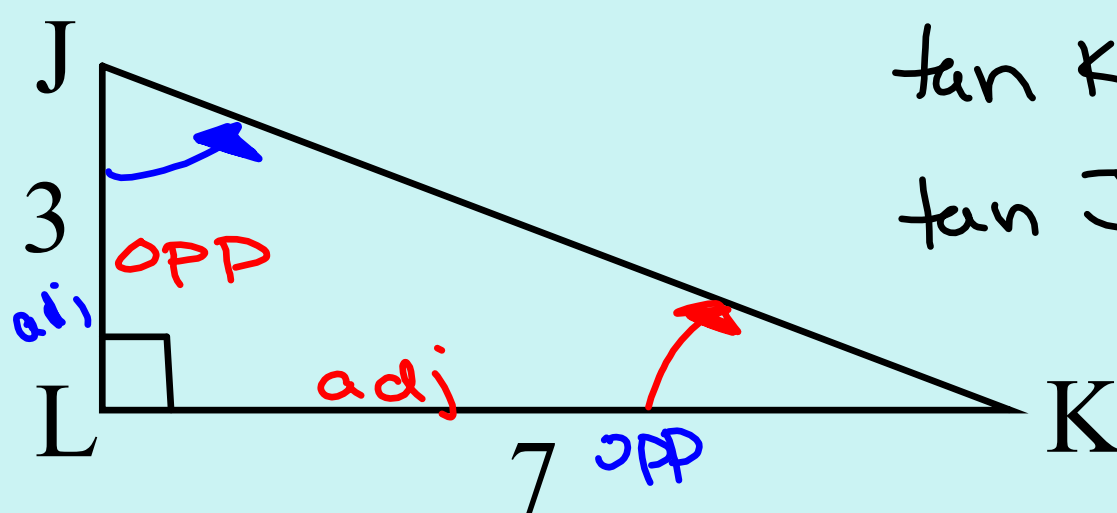


$$\tan R = \frac{47}{41}$$

$$m\angle R = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{47}{41}\right)$$

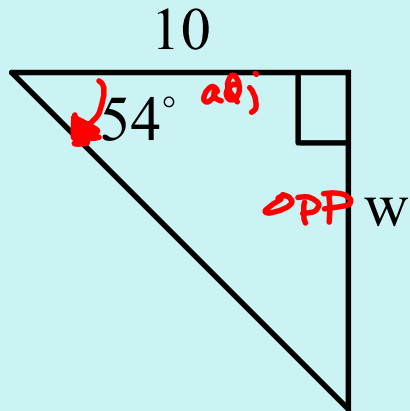
$$m\angle R \approx 49^\circ$$

4. a) Write the tangent ratios for $\angle K$ and $\angle J$.
b) How is $\tan K$ related to $\tan J$?



$$\tan K = \frac{3}{7}$$
$$\tan J = \frac{7}{3}$$

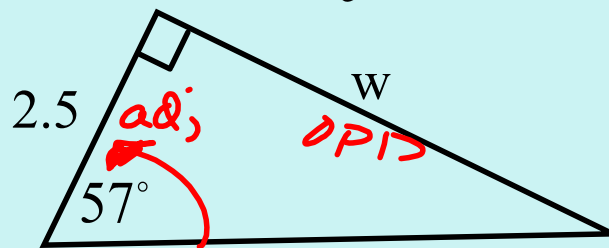
5). Find the value of w to the nearest tenth.



$$\tan 54 = \frac{w}{10}$$

$$10 \tan 54 = w$$

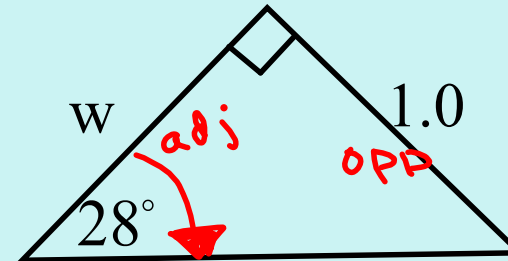
$$w \approx 13.8$$



$$\tan 57 = \frac{w}{2.5}$$

$$2.5 \tan 57 = w$$

$$w \approx 3.4$$



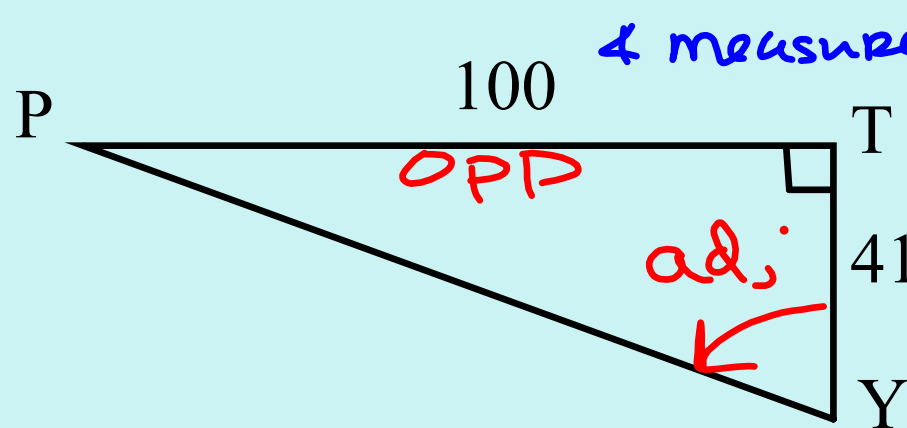
$$\tan 28 = \frac{1}{w}$$

$$\frac{w \tan 28}{\tan 28} = \frac{1}{\tan 28}$$

$$w = \frac{1}{\tan 28}$$

$$w \approx 1.9$$

6. Find $m\angle Y$ to the nearest degree.



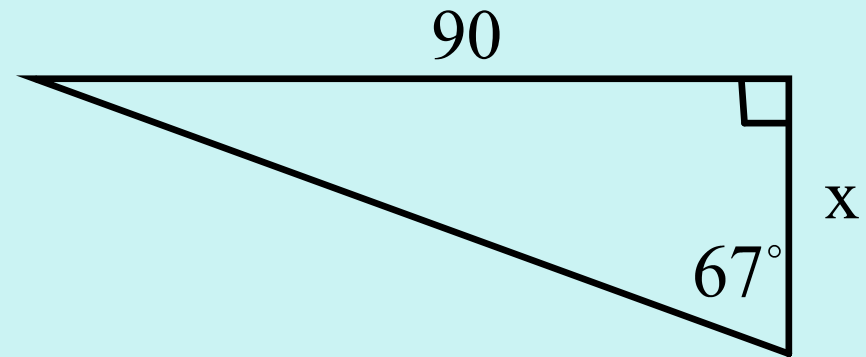
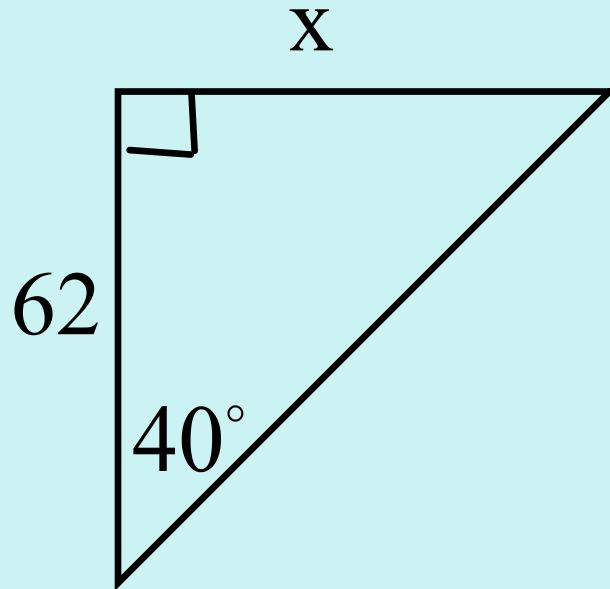
4 measurements

$$\tan Y = \frac{100}{41}$$

$$Y = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{100}{41}\right)$$

$$m\angle Y \approx 68^\circ$$

7. Find x to the nearest whole number.



Assignment:

Day 1: 8.3 pgs 434-437 1-21 odds,
27,29,37,39,53,55,57

