# Geometry

Factoring Quadratic Equations



a polynomial with 2 terms 2x + 3

# Trinomial

a polynomial with 3 terms

$$x^2 + 6x + 9$$

Rules to Factoring: (must be completely factored - written as a product of terms)

- 1) Factor out all common factors
- 2) If an expression has two terms (binomial) then it may be difference of squares:

$$(1st term)^2 - (2nd term)^2 = (1st term - 2nd term)(1st term + 2nd term)$$

Example: 
$$x^2 - 16 = (x - 4) \times x + 4$$

3) If an expression has three terms (trinomial) then factor it by trial and error.

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If last term is positive, ( + )( + ) or ( - )( - )
If last term is negative, ( + )( - ) or ( + )( - )
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- 4) continue to factor until each individual factor is prime
- 5) check the results by multiplying

$$\frac{6x^2 + 6x + 30}{6}$$

$$6(x^{2}+x+5)$$

$$20x^{3}y - 25x^{2}y^{3}$$

$$5 \times^2 y (4x - 5y^2)$$

$$z^{2} - 49$$

$$(\pm)^{2} - (7)^{2}$$

$$(4r^{2})^{2} - (35)^{2}$$

$$(4r^{2} - 35)(4r^{2} + 25)$$

$$(ar)^{2} - (5)^{2}$$

$$(ar - 5)(ar + 5)(4r^{2} + 25)$$

$$4x^2 - 20x + 25$$
 $2.2$ 
 $3.27$ 
 $4.16$ 
 $8.8$ 
 $64u^2 + 72uv + 81v^2$ 
 $9.9$ 

$$(2x-5)(2x-5)$$
  
-10x +-10x=-20x

$$y^2 + 14y + 40$$
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$$1.72$$
 $x^2 - 22x + 72$ 
 $3.24$ 
 $(x - 4)(x - 18)$ 
 $4.18$ 
 $6.12$ 
 $9.8$ 

$$c^{2} + 16cd + 48d^{2} = \frac{1.48}{3.16}$$

$$(c + 4d)(c + 12d)$$

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$$(x - 5)(x + 4)$$

$$(x - 5)(x + 4)$$

$$(x + 5)(x + 4)$$

