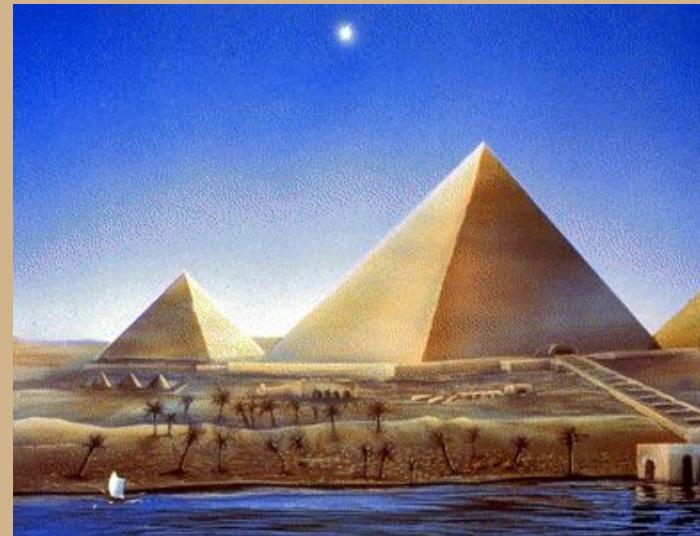
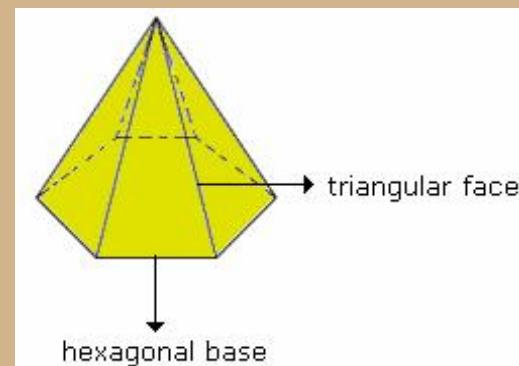
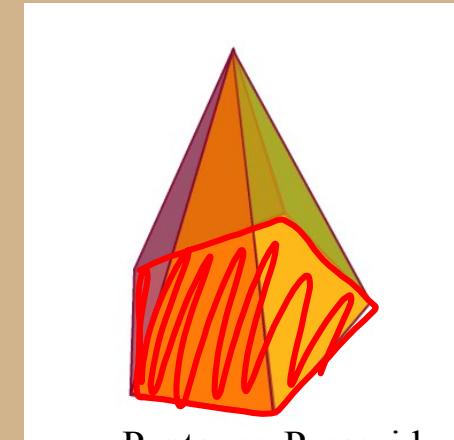
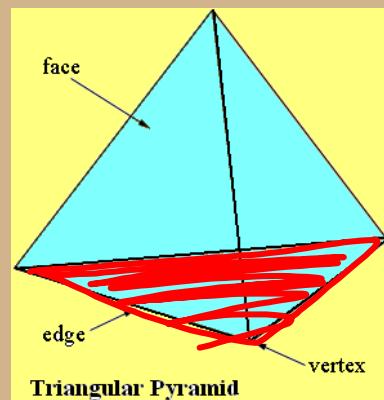
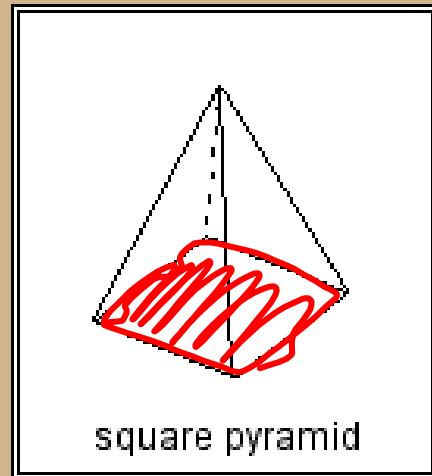


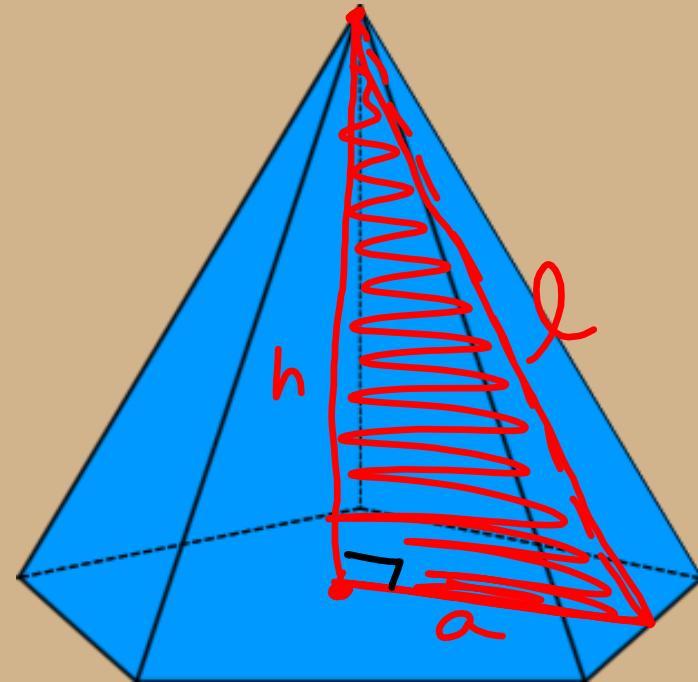
# Geometry

## Ch. 11 Handout 11.3

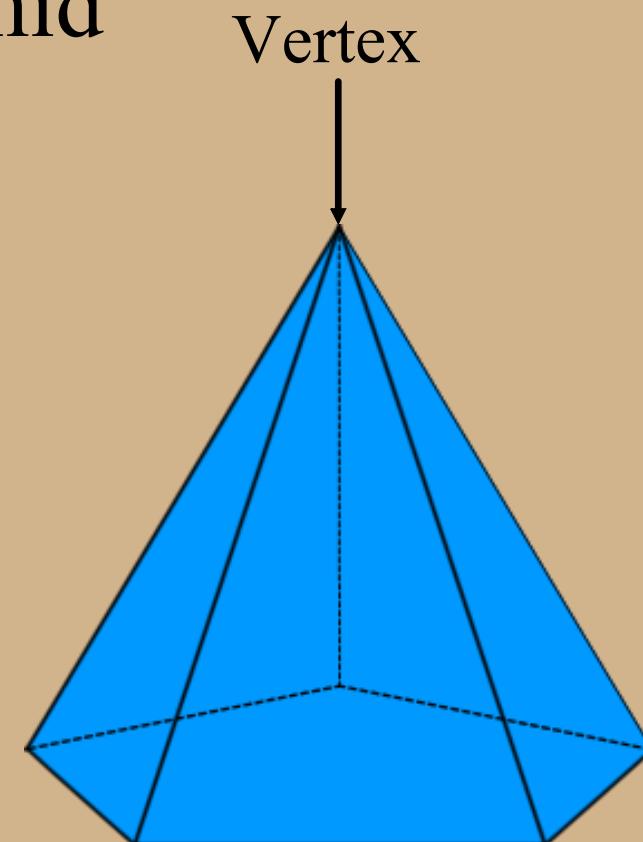
### Surface Areas of Pyramids

A **pyramid** is a polyhedron in which one face (the **base**) can be any polygon and the other faces (the **lateral faces**) are triangles that meet at a common vertex (called the **vertex** of the pyramid). You name a pyramid by the shape of the base.

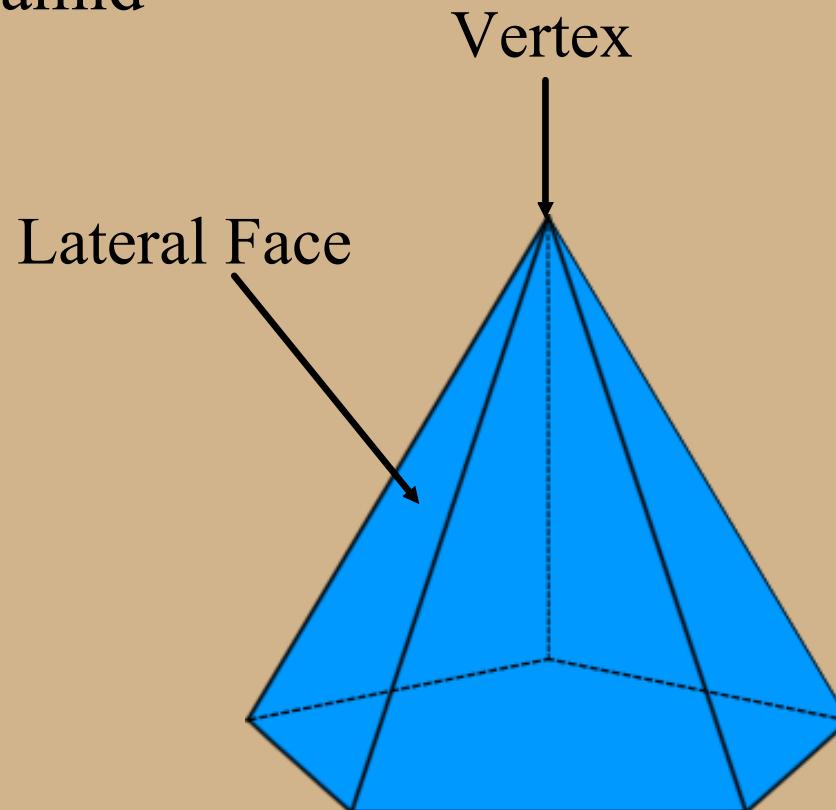




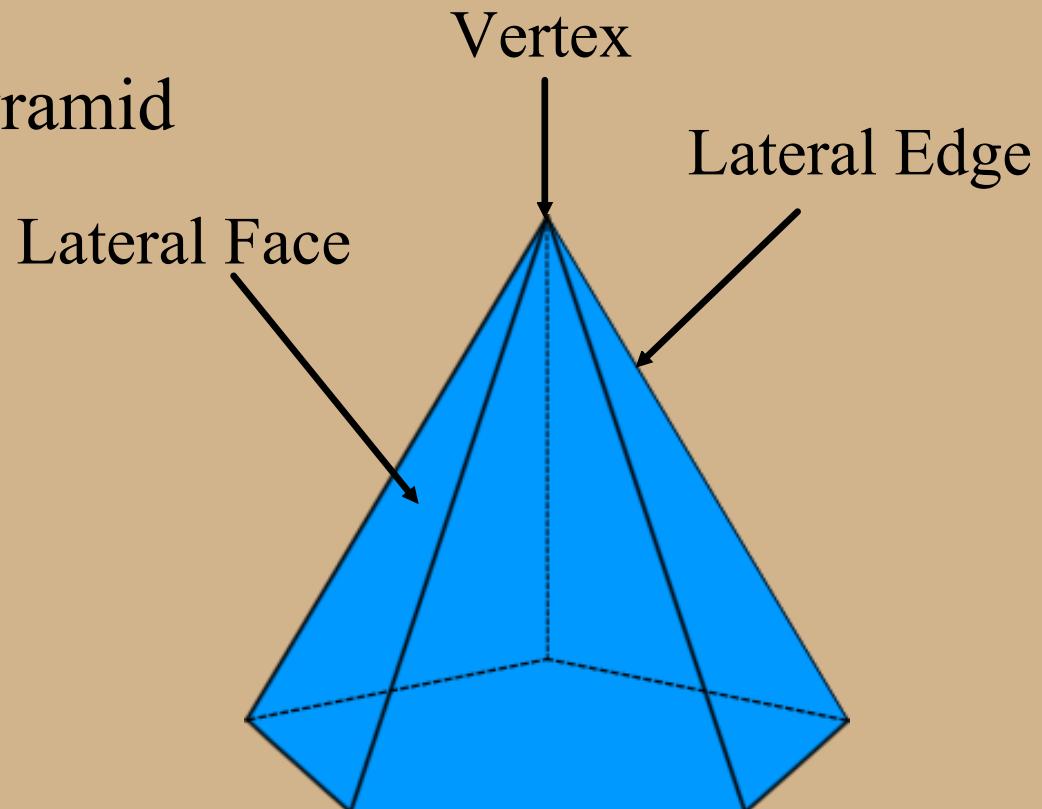
# Regular Pentagon Pyramid



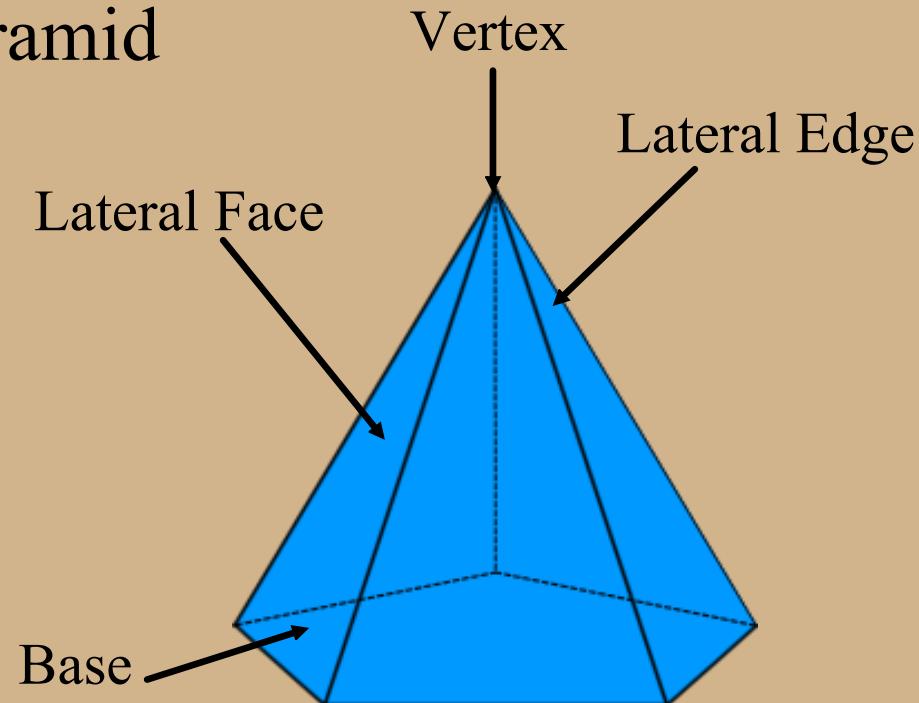
## Regular Pentagon Pyramid



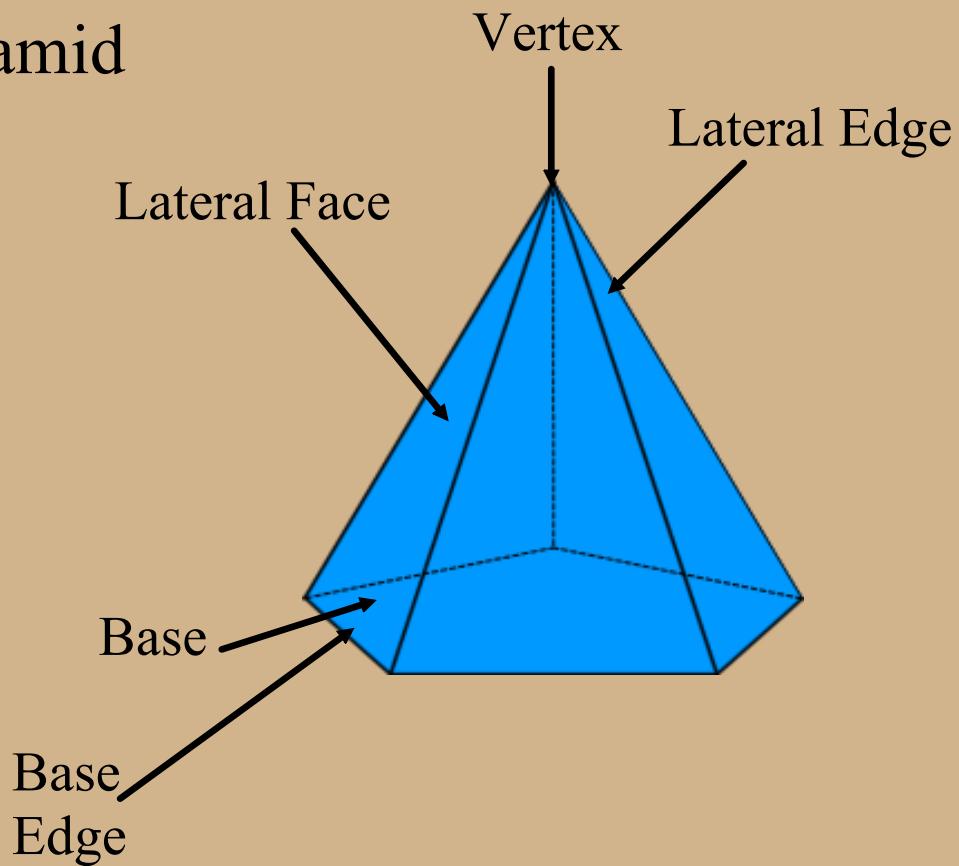
## Regular Pentagon Pyramid



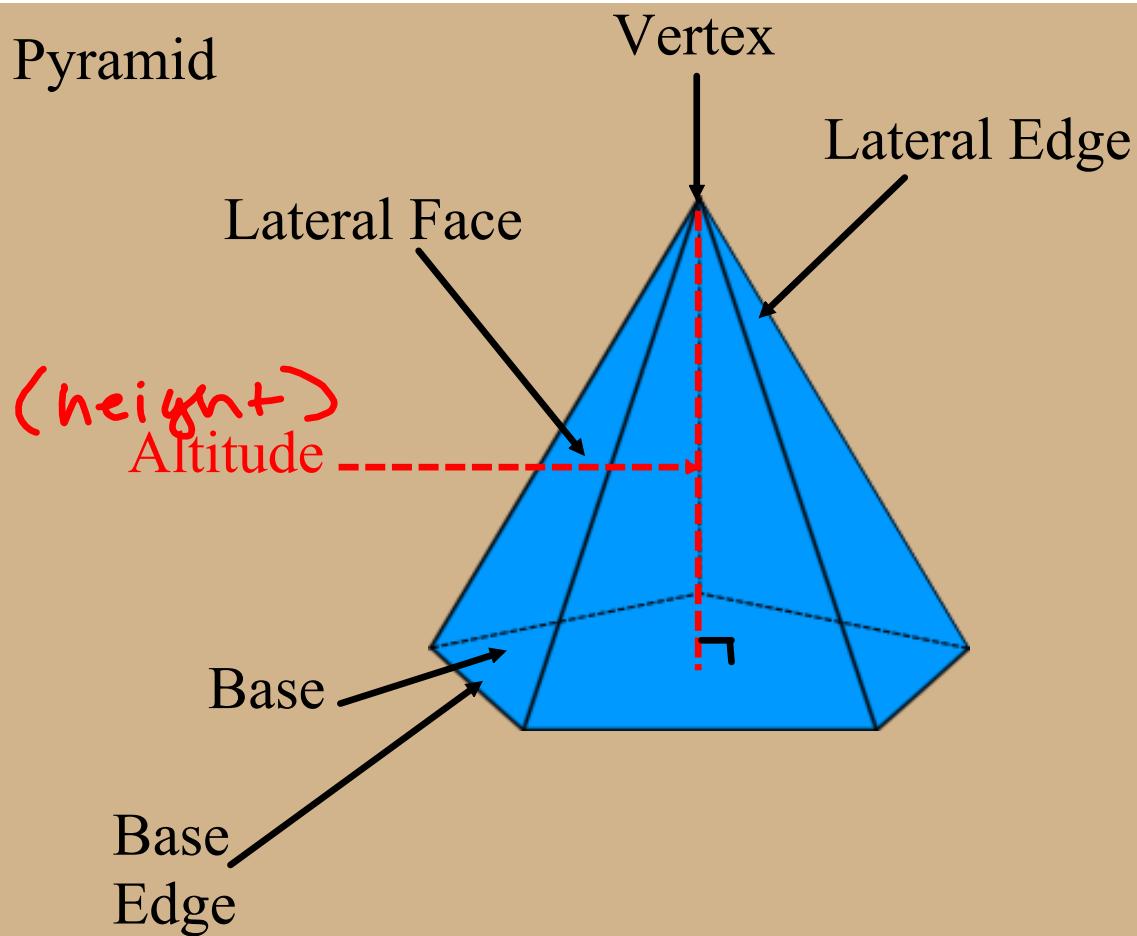
## Regular Pentagon Pyramid



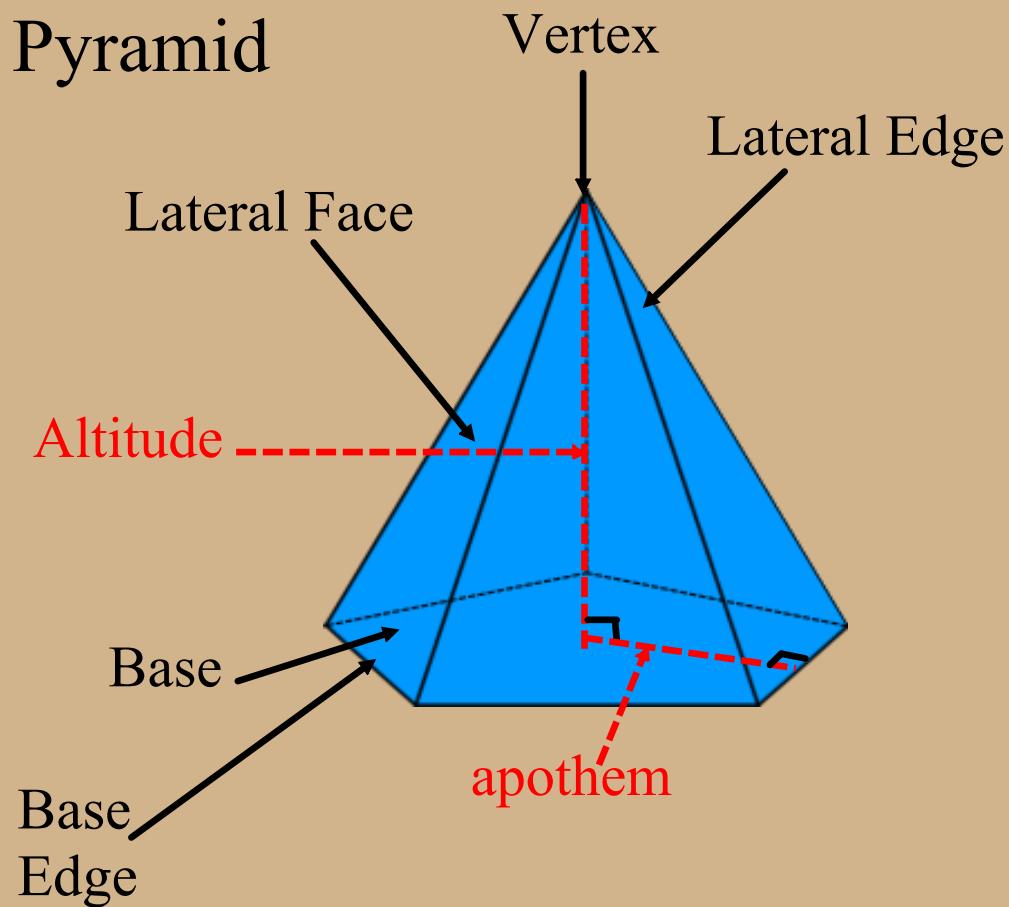
## Regular Pentagon Pyramid



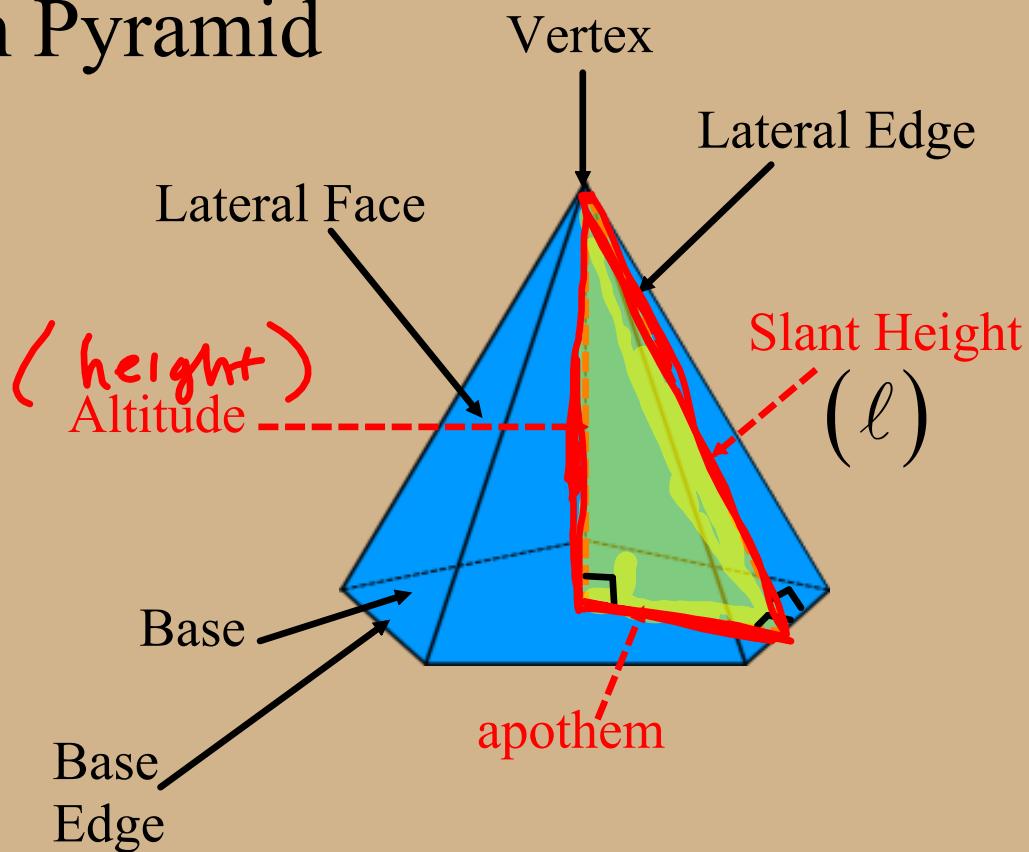
## Regular Pentagon Pyramid



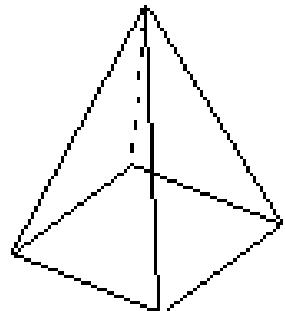
## Regular Pentagon Pyramid



# Regular Pentagon Pyramid

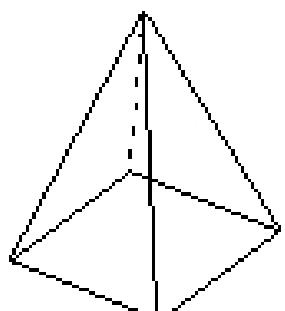


**Lateral Area of a Pyramid** is the sum of the areas of the congruent lateral faces.



square pyramid

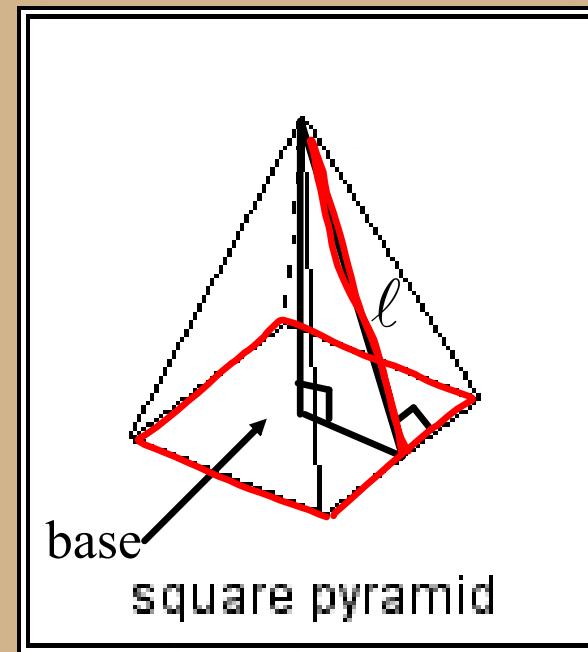
**Surface Area of a Pyramid** is the sum of the lateral area and one base.



square pyramid

The **Lateral Area** of a Regular Pyramid is half the product of the perimeter of the base and the slant height

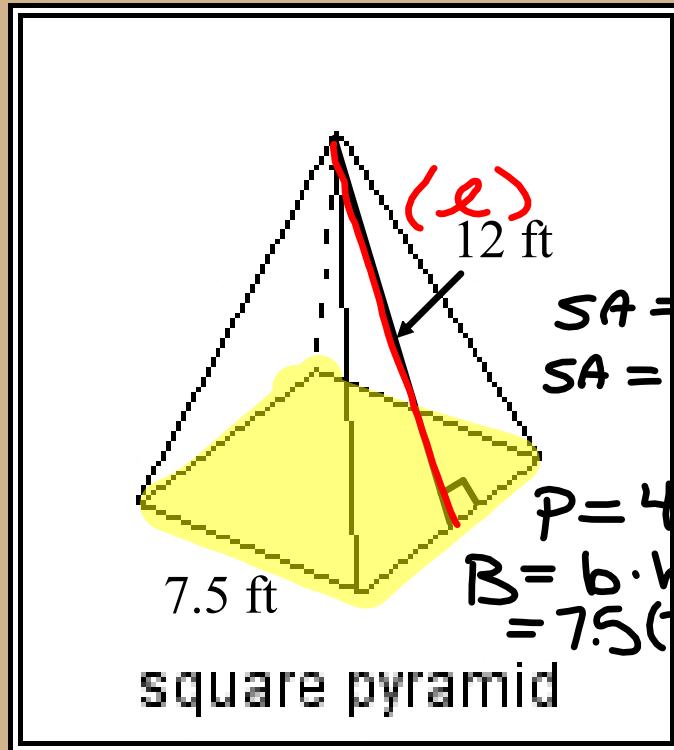
$$LA = \frac{1}{2} p \ell$$



The **Surface Area** of a Regular Pyramid is the sum of the lateral area and the area of one base.

$$SA = LA + B$$

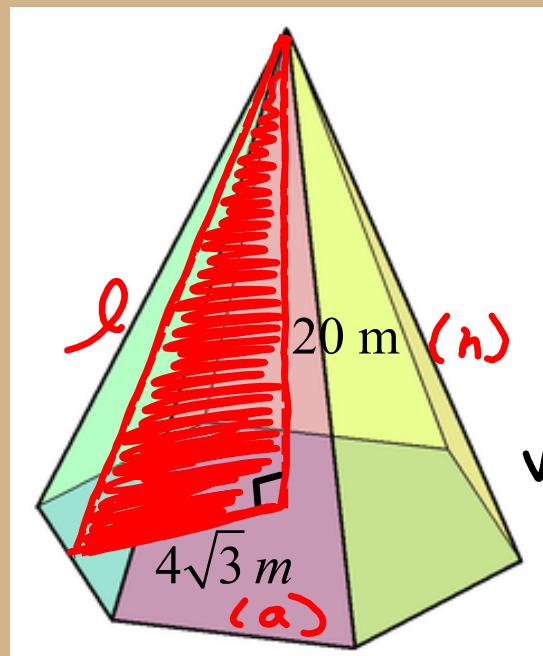
1. Find the lateral area and surface area of a square pyramid with base edges 7.5 ft and slant height 12 ft.



$$\begin{aligned} LA &= \frac{1}{2} P l \\ LA &= \frac{1}{2}(30)(12) \\ LA &= \frac{1}{2}(360) \\ LA &= 180 \\ LA &+ B \\ 180 &+ 56.25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} l &= 12 \\ P &= 30 \\ B &= 56.25 \\ LA &= 180 + 2^2 \\ SA &= 236.25 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

2. Find the lateral area and surface area of the hexagonal pyramid. Round answer to the nearest whole number.



$$\text{Height} = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Apothem} = 4\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

$$20^2 + (4\sqrt{3})^2 = l^2$$

$$400 + (4\sqrt{3})(4\sqrt{3}) = l^2$$

$$400 + 48 = l^2$$

$$\sqrt{l^2} = \sqrt{448}$$

$$l = 8\sqrt{7}$$

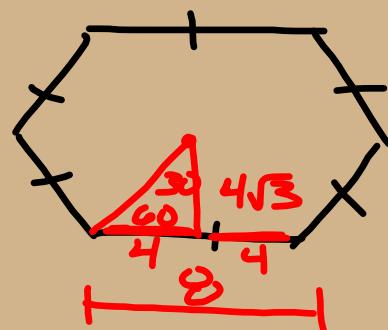
$$l = 8\sqrt{7}$$

$$P = 48$$

$$B = 96\sqrt{3}$$

$$LA = 192\sqrt{7} \text{ m}^2 \approx 508 \text{ m}^2$$

$$SA = 192\sqrt{7} + 96\sqrt{3} \text{ m}^2 \approx 674 \text{ m}^2$$



$$\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{4} = SL\sqrt{3}$$

$$4 = SL$$

$$P = 6(8)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} a P$$

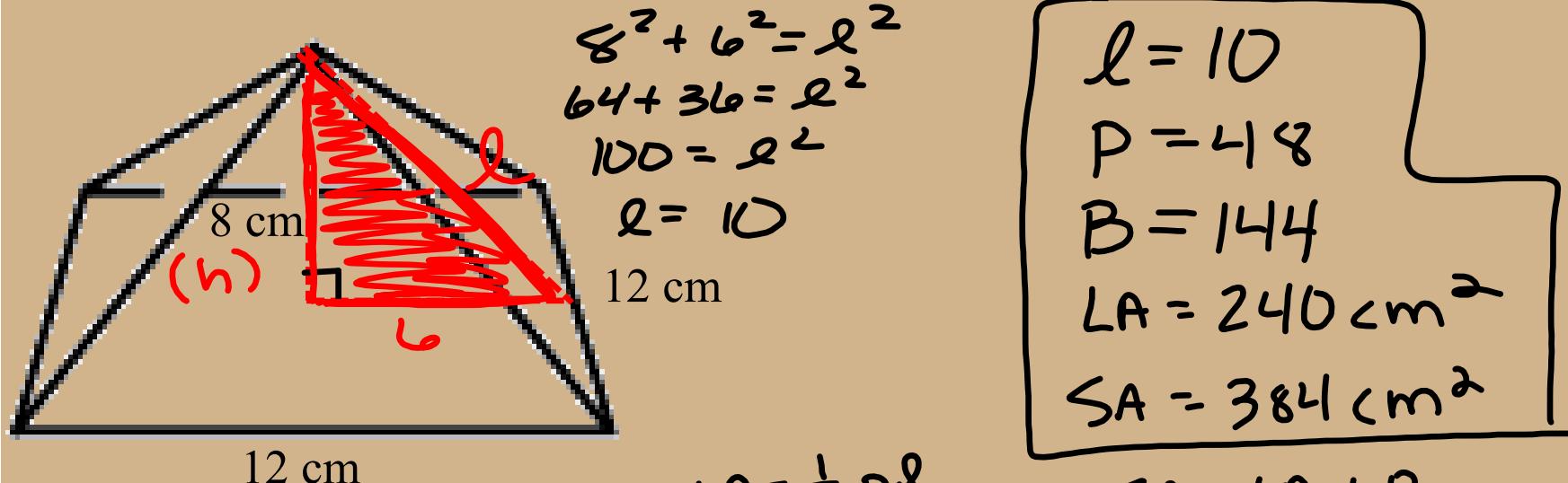
$$= \frac{1}{2}(4\sqrt{3})(48) = 96\sqrt{3}$$

$$LA = \frac{1}{2} P l \quad SA = LA + B$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(\cancel{48})(8\sqrt{7}) \quad \cancel{SA} = 192\sqrt{7} + 96\sqrt{3}$$

$$= 192\sqrt{7}$$

3. Find the slant height of a square pyramid with base edge 12 cm and altitude 8 cm. Then find the lateral area and surface area of the square pyramid.

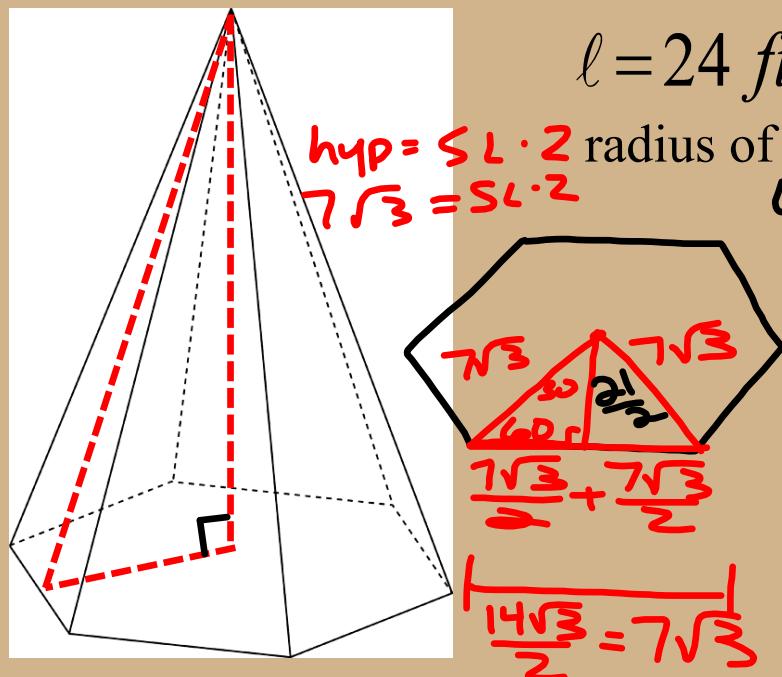


$$\begin{aligned} LA &= \frac{1}{2} P l \\ LA &= \frac{1}{2} (48)(10) \\ LA &= 240 \end{aligned}$$

$\ell = 10$ $P = 48$ $B = 144$ $LA = 240 \text{ cm}^2$ $SA = 384 \text{ cm}^2$
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$$\begin{aligned} SA &= LA + B \\ &= 240 + 144 \\ SA &= 384 \end{aligned}$$

4. Find the lateral area and surface area of the hexagonal pyramid. Round your answer to the nearest whole number.



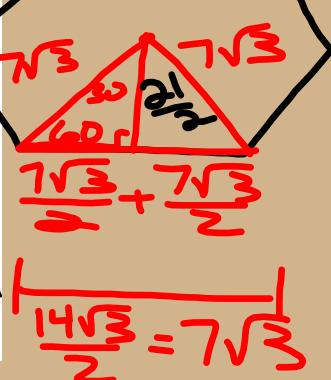
$$l = 24 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{hyp} = SL \cdot 2 \text{ radius of base} = 7\sqrt{3} \text{ ft}$$

$$7\sqrt{3} = SL \cdot 2$$

$$LL = SL \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{3}$$



$$l = 24$$

$$P = 42\sqrt{3}$$

$$B =$$

Assignment:

pg 620-623 1-7, 18, 19, 20, 27, 30